EVA





STS-103 EVA Overview Calvin Seaman/NASA

EMU Anomaly Status

G. Allen Flynt/NASA Robert Poisson/HSSSI





STS-103 Flight Readiness Review Hubble Space Telescope SM-3A

Cal Seaman EVA Project Office

19 November 1999



EVA Mission Overview



- The Objectives of the HST SM-3A Mission are to restore operational science capabilities, to make life extending changes, and to improve Hubble's productivity.
- STS-103 Launch Date: 6 December 1999
- Mission requirements will support a maximum of six, two-crewmember EVAs:
 - Four scheduled EVAs to accomplish HST Mission Objectives
 - One unscheduled HST EVA to resolve deployment anomalies
 - One contingency EVA for the Orbiter
- Flight Crew: Curt Brown (CDR), Scott Kelly (PLT), Steve Smith (P/L CDR-EV1), John Grunsfeld (EV2), Mike Foale (EV3), Claude Nicollier (EV4), Jean-Francois Clervoy (RMS)
- HST SM-3A task difficulty is comparable to SM1 and SM2. (i.e. Many of the EVA tasks are similar or identical to those performed in the past: fine guidance sensor, rate sensor units, solid state recorder)



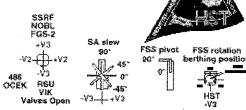
EVA Timeline Summary

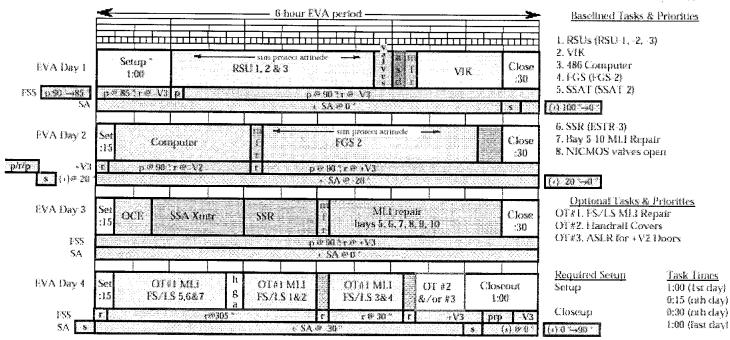




Hubble Space Telescope Flight Systems and Servicing Project

HST SM3A EVA Scenario FSS p/r/p and SA slew prior to EVA 2 airlock depress with FSS rotation to -V2 after depress





[&]quot; Includes BAPS Post installation

and a aft shroud door latch contingency

mfr - crew change positions in manipulator foot restraint

hga - high gain antenna deployment



EVA PROJECT OFFICE

Potential EVA Impacts due to Gyro #1 Failure



- The November 13 failure of Gyro #1 had an unusual signature which may have been caused by the failure of an Electronics Control Unit (ECU) rather than the Rate Sensor Unit assembly
- GSFC is working to isolate the failure and a decision is expected November 18
 - One contingency ECU is currently manifested, and GSFC is planning to add a second ECU for middeck stowage
- GSFC may request that the ECU replacement task be added to the mission
- JSC has prepared a plan to modify the EVA timeline to add the ECU task to either EVA day #1 or EVA day #3



EVA Crew Training



- EVA training will be completed on 23 Nov 99
 - Two final NBL training events are scheduled for 22-23 Nov 99
- Total NBL hours: 264
 - Overall training ratio: 11:1
 - Exceeds normal 10: 1 ratio due to additional training resulting from mission delays



EVA Hardware



- Major EVA Hardware Requirements:
 - Four enhanced EMUs with sizing ring kits (Middeck 3L & 1XL)
 - 4000-series EMU gloves (2 sets for each EV crewmember)
 - Manipulator Foot Restraint (Bay 10-Port)
 - HST Portable Foot Restraint (Bay 13-Port and GSFC FSS)
 - Port and Starboard Light Weight Tool Stowage Assemblies
 - Long EVA slidewire configuration (Port and Starboard)
 - Sill-mounted Portable Foot Restraint (Bay 2-Port TSA location)
 - Forward Bulkhead Portable Foot Restraint (Normal stowage location)
- The STS-103 EVA Support Equipment List (ESEL), Rev 6 is approved
 - 11 Middeck lockers are being used for unique EVA tool stowage
- The STS-103 EMU ESEL, Rev 3 is approved
 - 6 Middeck lockers are being used for EMU stowage



EVA Hardware Issues / Resolutions



- EVA Winch leaf spring failure/disposition
 - Issue resolved: 27 Oct 99 (Discussed at ORMR)
- Manipulator Foot Restraint (MFR) latch repair
 - Issue resolved: 1 Nov 99 (Discussed at ORMR)
- Space Shuttle Program electrical wiring inspection status
 - No issues or changes required to EMU wiring (Discussed at Pre-FRR)
- 55-foot safety tether spring failure
 - Issue identified on 16 Nov 99
 - Failure investigation/resolution plan currently in work
 - A replacement, low cycle, tether reel will be installed in OV-103 on 19 Nov 99
 - Exception closure will be presented at the noon board following conclusion of the failure investigation



Fit Check and Sharp Edge Status



- The STS-103 ESEL contains:
 - 285 EVA Tools and Crew Aids
 - 126 JSC-provided items
 - 159 GSFC-provided items
 - 49 GSFC ORU's / related items
- Tool-to-Tool fit checks for STS-103 are 100% complete:
 - 2500 total fit checks were performed (includes all flight tools and spares)
 - 1244 "required" fit checks (flight tools only)
- Interface-to-Interface fit checks for STS-103 are 100% complete:
 - 1844 fit checks performed
- Sharp edge inspections:
 - Complete for ORUC, FSS, Bay 10 and Bay 13 carriers
 - Final payload bay sharp edge inspection planned for completion after payload installation at the pad
- All STS-103 hardware is certified for flight and all CEIT Squawks have been closed



Readiness Statement



- The EVA Project Office has identified one CoFR exception which must be dispositioned prior to flight:
 - 55-foot safety tether spring failure
- This issue will be closed no later than L-2

Gregory J. Harbaugh

Manager, EVA Project Office





EMU Anomalies Opened Since STS-93

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Summary



- There are no STS-103 flight constraints due to recent Failures / Anomalies
- Rigorous pre-flight screens, tests, and inspections are in place to isolate failures prior to flight
 - EMU Life Support System (LSS) is certified to 15 years and Space Suit Assembly (SSA) softgoods are certified to 8 years
 - STS-103 LSS hardware age ranges between 5 to 9 years
 - STS-103 SSA hardware age ranges between 2 to 4 years
- 49 EMU failures have occurred since the STS-93 FRR
- The 49 failures are reduced to 21 relevant failures for STS-103
 Each failure occurrence is documented and reported as a unique failure although root cause is the same
 - 4000 Series Glove 6 occurrences (5 repeats)
 Enhanced Brief 3 occurrences (2 repeats)
 - Of the remaining 42:
 - 4 failures are unique to the NBL environment with no flight impact

<u>-4</u>

38

49

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Summary



_	Of the remaining 38, 17 failures are associated with	
	configurations not flying on STS-103	38
	 6 Phase VI glove certification failures(no Phase VI gloves on 103) 	-6
	 1 ORU Hard Upper Torso (HUT) Thermal Micrometeoroid 	•
	Garment (TMG) failure (no ORU HUT on 103)	-1
	 1 Liquid Cooling Ventilation Garment (LCVG) Gore-Tex thumb loop 	-1
	(flying nylon thumb loop on 103)	•
	 On-orbit adjustable waist (no adjustable waist on 103) 	-1
	 8 Positive Pressure Relief Valves (duplicate occurrences, also) 	<u>-8</u>
	 different curing process for seats than the STS-103 hardware 	
_	21 failures are relevant to configurations flying on STS-103	21
	 All STS-103 hardware has successfully passed preflight inspections, tests. 	Almo I
	and other screens designed to detect these conditions	ŀ
	 Of the 21 failures, 3 were directly related to hardware now manifested on STS-103: 	
	- Space Suit Assembly Power Harness - Fabric Sheath over cable that	
	powers heated glove temporarily snagged on arm bracket	•
	 4000 Series Glove - Glove Gimbal Swivel and Pivots exhibited minor 	
	galling during visual inspection. Passed functional	
	 EVA Position Switch - Molded potting material separated from 	
	microswitch. Potting material does not need to be adhered to	
	SWITCH.	
	 Conclusion: There are no STS-103 flight constraints due to these 21 	-21
	anomalies, and they are closed	Λ

CoFR EXCEPTION FORM							
EXCEPTION NUMBER:		ether SED33105087-313	STS FLT NUMBER:	TS-103			
REQUIREMENT/DESCRIPTION OF EXCEPTION: Endorsement: Acceptability of unexplained anomalies, problems and IFA's							
Exception: The Extended-Range Crewmember (ERCM) safety tether manifested on STS-99 experienced a spring failure on 11/16/99. Results of the failure investigation and the resolution plan is forthcoming.							
INITIATOR/TITLE: Calvin Seaman, STS-103 EVA IPT Fligh	DATE: 11/18/99						
CONCURRENCE/TITLE: Gregory J. Harbaugh, Manager, EVA Pr	DATE: 11/18/99						
ACTION/ACTIONEE:	DUE DATE:						
REVIEW BOARD CHAIR:	DATE:						
RESOLUTION OF EXCEPTION:	DATE RESOLVED:						
CONTRACTOR MANAGER:	DATE:	NASA PROJECT MANAGER:		DATE:			
SPACE SHUTTLE PROGRAM	and the second s			DATE:			

SSP Form 4043 (Rev Jan 97)